# Business planning for interpreters and translators

Helen Eby

www.gauchatranslations.com

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#### Who am I?

- ▶ I attended a high school with a business track focus in Argentina.
- ▶ In 10<sup>th</sup> grade I had a paid position at the school.
- ► Freelance English teacher in Buenos Aires, where I applied these Business Plan concepts in my 20s.
- ATA certified English < > Spanish
- Court and healthcare certified Spanish interpreter
- Have been a freelancer for over 30 years.

# **Business models**

# Business model: Individual provider

- Renders all services personally
  - through direct contracts or
  - > as a subcontractor of one or more language service companies.

## Business model: Solopreneur

- Only provides services in those languages for which she or he is qualified.
- Prime contractor for the same project he or she renders part of the services personally.
- Subcontracts specialized aspects (e.g. desktop publishing) to other providers.
- Subcontractor for other prime contractors
- May work as a part time employee or on a retainer as part of the mix.

# Business model: Small Language Service Company (less than 5 languages)

- Renders some services him/herself through direct contracts in those languages for which he or she is qualified.
- ► For some projects renders part of the services by him/herself and subcontracts other parts to other individual providers, and
- Subcontracts services to other individual providers.

# Business model: Boutique Language Service Company (specialized)

- Generally, focuses on a narrow range of subjects.
- ► For some projects renders part of the services by him/herself and subcontracts other parts to other individual providers, and
- Also subcontracts services to other individual providers.

# Business model: Larger Language Service Company (more than 5 languages)

- Subcontracts most language services.
- Has employees such as project managers, schedulers, and other administrative staff.

# From The General Theory of the Translation Company

LSPs rarely employ in-house linguists. Most linguistic services are outsourced [...]. Without those suppliers, the LSP cannot do the basic function it is expected to do, which is of course to provide language services.

Page 139.

# Am I employed? Types of employment

### IRS types of workers

Note: these are all different types of employment.

- Independent Contractor: Covers their own expenses and risk for work provided.
- **Employee:** Employer covers all expenses and covers risk for work provided including travel time and mileage.
- ▶ Ad hoc employee: Some training and vacation expenses might be covered by worker. Travel time and mileage are covered.
- ► Part time employee: Employer covers all training and risk expenses including travel time and mileage.

Source: IRS listing of types of workers.

#### **Business deductions**

#### As of 2017

- employees can't deduct business expenses
- the standard personal deduction almost doubled in all cases
- many exemptions were folded into the personal deduction and others became limited.

Source: the Tax Policy Center.

My CPA does my taxes. I let him take care of it.

A business plan? It's a road map.

# What is a business plan? <u>Investopedia</u> definition

#### A business plan includes

- a description of a company or small business,
- its services and/or products and
- how the business will achieve its goals.

#### The plan includes

- the overall budget,
- current and projected financing,
- a market analysis and
- its marketing strategy approach.

# What is a business plan? <u>Investopedia</u> definition

In a business plan, a business owner

- projects revenues and expenses for a certain period and
- describes operational activity and costs related to the business.

The idea behind putting together a business plan is

- to enable owners to have a more defined picture of potential costs and drawbacks to certain business decisions and
- to help them modify accordingly before implementing these ideas.

### Business plan development

#### Consult with experts!

<u>SCORE</u> is a national network that provides low-cost education and mentorship to entrepreneurs.

SCORE is a nonprofit association dedicated to helping small businesses get off the ground, grow and achieve their goals through education and mentorship. We have been doing this for over fifty years.

Because our work is supported by the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA), and thanks to our network of 11,000+ volunteers, we are able to deliver our services at no charge or at very low cost.

## Marketing - What is our business?

#### For translation

- ATA or WA DSHS certification for translation
- NYU certificate in translation
- ► MA in translation, etc.

#### For interpreting

- Federal court interpreting certification
- National certification as a medical interpreter (CCHI, National Board)
- State certification as a medical interpreter (Oregon, Washington)
- RID certification for ASL interpreters

## Marketing: be good and look good

#### Don't write like this:

- ▶ The deadline have been extended.
- We don't want our fans to forget nuggets we have share before.

#### This is better:

- ▶ The deadline has been extended.
- We don't want our fans to forget nuggets we have shared before.

#### Hire someone to edit your text!

# Marketing: be good and look good

- ➤ Your writing is your permanent, memorable image. If they can't trust what they can see, what about what they can't see?
- **Dress** like a professional.
- Show up on time.
- Answer the phone.
- ▶ Be **polite**.
- **Deliver** on time. **No excuses**. If necessary, negotiate deadlines.

## Marketing: be good and look good

#### Invoice like a professional:

- Exactly what you negotiated.
- Following your client's payment practices.
- Promptly.
- With a professional-looking invoice. I use QuickBooks Online, which allows for online payments.
- Do not send a reminder for an invoice they already paid!

# Marketing - showcasing our product

- Develop a nice website. Have the people from SCORE critique it.
  - ► Hire a professional. Designers are even better if they represent our target clients.
  - ► Get good business cards. Have them reviewed by SCORE.
- Develop a business plan. <u>SCORE</u> can help with that too.

# Marketing - finding clients

- Where do we find business?
- ► How do we establish a relationship with a client when we find one?

If you don't toot your own horn, someone else will use it for a spittoon.

What is self-promotion?

# Marketing - Networking

- Start local, with your local Chamber of Commerce.
- My local Chamber has "how to network" events.
- Be committed: keep your relationship-building appointment no matter what.

# Negotiation: meeting the client's needs

- Start by getting to know your prospective client.
- How does your product add value to their business?
- How can your product solve problems their business is facing?
- If they don't need your services now, they may know someone who does.
- ► Leave the discussion of money for last.

# ASTM - creating a framework for teamwork

See my ASTM-based chart for discussing a relationship with a client

- ► <u>Translation worksheet</u>
- Interpreting worksheet

Both worksheets are on this page

# DO NOT DO THIS The FTC says no.

# Federal Trade Commission (FTC)

Free and open markets are the foundation of a vibrant economy. Aggressive competition among sellers in an open marketplace gives consumers — both individuals and businesses — the benefits of lower prices, higher quality products and services, more choices, and greater innovation. The FTC's competition mission is to enforce the rules of the competitive marketplace — the antitrust laws. These laws promote vigorous competition and protect consumers from anticompetitive mergers and business practices. The FTC's Bureau of Competition, working in tandem with the Bureau of Economics, enforces the antitrust laws for the benefit of consumers.

Guide to Antitrust Laws | Federal Trade Commission (ftc.gov)

#### Thou shalt not

- <u>Price fixing</u>: an agreement (written, verbal, or inferred from conduct) among competitors that raises, lowers, or stabilizes prices or competitive terms.
- <u>Bid rigging</u>: coordination among bidders when soliciting for competitive bids (e.g. Request For Proposal).
- Market division or customer allocation: agreements among competitors to divide sales territories or assign customers.
- Group boycotts: an agreement among competitors not to do business with targeted individuals or businesses.

#### Don't do this either

#### Other agreements among competitors:

- Agreements to restrict advertising: false, deceptive or overly restrictive advertising.
- Codes of ethics: unreasonable ethical restrictions regarding the ways professionals may compete.
- Exclusive member benefits: withholding of association benefits from would-be members that offer a competitive alternative that consumers want.

# Keeping track: time and money

# Accounting: what to keep track of

Tracking resources and expenses to make sure resources aren't stretched too thin.

Two limited resources:

- Time
- Money

Not tracking these resources leads to not being able to keep our word.

# Accounting: How to keep track of it

► There are several accounting systems on the market. I use Quicken and QuickBooks.

The issue isn't what product we use. It's just a question of choosing a product we find useful and sticking with it consistently. An accountant can guide us in that decision. SCORE consultants are available to guide entrepreneurs in these steps.

# Fixed expenses: Cost of doing business

- Having a car
- Training
- Dictionaries
- Smartphone
- Taxes
- Health insurance
- Errors and omissions insurance
- Office supplies

- Business cards
- Notepads
- Internet service
- Travel to the country where our language is spoken every few years
- This is not an exhaustive list!

# Activity-based expenses

- Mileage
- Parking
- Extra travel time
- Travel, lodging, meals
- Other costs

# Expenses: Vehicle expenses

<u>Cost of ownership</u> - Consumer Reports Check the cost of ownership of your car!

<u>Cost of ownership</u> - Kelly Blue Book

# Vehicle expenses

#### Business mileage rates, per the IRS

2010	50 cents/mile
2011	55.55
2013	56.5
2015	57.5
2017	53.5
2019	58
2020	57.5

### Time: Non-billable work

The following items are part of the 40-hour week for a contractor. They often take at least 8 hours a week.

- Networking
- Billing
- Following up on clients
- Negotiating
- Training

Include them in your cost of doing business!

### Time: Personal

Non-billable work during personal time leads to:

- Distracted work during work time, which leads to:
- Not keeping work commitments, which leads to:
- Poor quality work, which leads to:
- Losing clients

Do you have a better plan?

## Setting a target

### Target income

### Two approaches:

- What would be the take home pay of someone in an equally prestigious/interesting job?
- What bills do I want to be able to pay?

Why check a target?

If we don't know where we're going, we will never know whether we got there.

# Salaries of comparable professions and of translators and interpreters

The OOH states that "about 1 in 5 were self-employed in 2014." However, the <u>ALC survey of 2015</u> states that 89% of the work is done by freelancers.

Salaries of comparable professions	Source: Occupational Outlook Handbook of Comparable Professions
Adult literacy and GED teachers	\$50,650
Court reporters	\$51,350
Kindergarten and Elementary School Teachers	\$55,490
Postsecondary Teachers	\$75,430
Technical Writers	\$69,850
Writers and Authors	\$61,240

Salaries of translators and interpreters	Source: Occupational Outlook Handbook of Comparable Professions
Professional, scientific and technical services	\$52,060
Government	\$50,880
Educational services	\$43,380
Healthcare and social assistance	\$42,630

### Market research

- Court Interpreting Research survey by Robert Joe Lee
- IMIA compensation survey of 2010
- MMIA compensation survey of 2006
- ► ATA compensation survey of 2006

### Two ways to figure out your rate

- Start from your target
- Start from what you know of the market

The translator's rate is subject to mainly three factors:

- How much money the translator wants to earn in a period of time
- How many units the translator can process in that time
- What amount the client is willing to pay
- Proz guide to calculating your fees

### Interpreter math

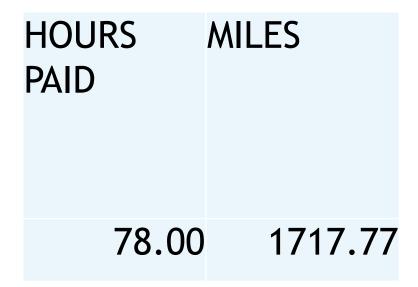
- ▶ 1 hour for:
  - Driving to each appointment,
  - Getting in and out of each parking lot, and
  - ▶ Time for each appointment to run late
- Realistic appointments:
  - 8 am, ending at 9,
  - 10 am, ending at 11
  - 12 pm, ending at 1
  - 2 pm, ending at 3
  - ▶ 4 pm: administrative time (not an appointment) can be swapped for another block
- 4 appointments/day x 5 days/week = 20 appts / week

### Interpreter math

- ▶ 4 appointments/day x 5 days/week = 20 appts / week
- ▶ 80 appts/month
- ▶ 800 appts/year
- ▶ (10 months/year, discounting vacations, slow times of year, holidays, time for conferences, etc.)
- The two months off are because summer and Christmas are slow times for interpreters in any field, with schools, courts and businesses on slow schedules.

## Washington interpreter spreadsheet

This is a two-week report from an actual interpreter.



## He's on track to making \$60,000/year.

HOURS PAID	
Hours of interpreting	78.00 h
Time driving 1717.77 at 35 mph (this counts as time at work)	49.08 h
Admin time	10.00 h
Total time worked:	137.08 h
Hours/day (137.08 hours/10 days for two weeks of work)	13.71 h
\$32.50/interpreting hour \$2	2535.00
\$/hour worked (total dollars divided by total hours worked) mileage money reimburses for car expenses, so it is not included as income	18.49/h

### **Taxes**

IRS quarterly estimated tax payment form

Figure out what kind of worker you are and what your tax liability is based on that.

## Is our plan working?

# What if the numbers don't add to what we want?

If we can't make the income we want, we can hone our skills and credentials

Professional associations list trainings on their sites. Only associations with voting members are listed below.

- www.atanet.org
- www.najit.org
- www.imiaweb.org
- www.ncihc.org

# What if the numbers don't add to what we want?

If we can't make the income we want, we can find another job.

#### Worksource Oregon says:

WorkSource Oregon, the state's public workforce system is here to help you get a job, increase your skills, and explore training options. Oregonians looking for work should visit their nearest WorkSource Oregon Center to find staff and services dedicated to helping Oregonians get back to work. The Job Seeker Resources on this website are additional online resources to assist you.

Here is the equivalent in <u>Washington</u> State

### When profits don't meet expectations

- We start to work longer hours
- We accept lower rates to get more work
- We aren't available to network to find better clients
- Our accounting suffers
- We get in trouble with the IRS
- We start to work weekends
- We lose quality because we aren't fresh

Material gleaned from conversations with colleagues.

### How to keep a client coming back

We asked these questions in the Negotiation step:

- How does your product add value to their business?
- ► How can your product solve problems their business is facing?
- Are you meeting your commitment to quality?

#### It's about the client!

- Clients start small. It can take a few years to develop a good client.
- Small clients that are very connected with the community are very important clients. They give referrals!

## Submitting a proposal

### How to submit a request for funding

DARPA, the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency, asks some very <u>clear</u> <u>questions</u> in their funding proposals:

- What are you trying to do? Articulate your objectives using absolutely no jargon.
- How is it done today, and what are the limits of current practice?
- What is new in your approach and why do you think it will be successful?
- Who cares? If you are successful, what difference will it make?
- What are the risks?
- How much will it cost?
- How long will it take?
- What are the mid-term and final "exams" to check for success?

## Let's try a calculator

Rate calculator

Average rates charged

Proz wiki article on determining rates and fees

<u>CalPro</u>, published by the ATA:

Can go from your target or from what the market will bear.

Gaucha Translations rate calculator

### More links

- CSA research survey on interpreting and translation around the world.
- Does Money Buy Happiness? by Princeton University, 2010
- Cost of Living in America's 50 Biggest Cities
- Area Median Income search tool for 2019

## Stay in touch!

Helen Eby, Gaucha Translations

www.gauchatranslations.com

helen@gauchatranslations.com



#### Resources at:

The Savvy Newcomer | Tips and resources for translators and interpreters (atasavvynewcomer.org)

Blog - ATA Interpreters Division (ata-divisions.org)

Free Resources - Gaucha Translations